## Chem 130: Chemistry for Funeral Services Problem Set 2: Due 1/31/06

Name:			Date:	
Each question is worth one point. Show your work, including sketches, wherever calculations are required. Short answer questions should be written in your own words.				
1.	What is the electronic configuration (1s <sup>2</sup> etc) for the following four atoms:			
	Lithium	Nitrogen		
	Chlorine	Carbon		
2.	Use the concept of valence to explain was properties.	hy oxygen and sulfur have some	similar chemical	
3.	Why does carbon only have four valence	e electrons if it has six electrons t	total?	
4.	Draw the valence electron structures (L Magnesium	ewis structures) for the following	four atoms:	
	Bromine	Neon		
5.	Use the concept of valence to explain w reactions.	hy non-metals tend to take on ele	ectrons in chemical	
6.	Write the chemical formulas for the followagnesium Bromide Water Carbon Dioxide	owing compounds:		
	lodine (diatomic molecule)			
	Iron (II) Phosphate (caution! b	e careful with the charges!)		
	Calcium Hydroxide	<i>,</i>		

## Chem 130: Chemistry for Funeral Services Problem Set 2: Due 1/31/06

7.	Name the following compounds
	NaOH

LiBr

CuCO<sub>3</sub> (Start with the charge of the negative ion and work toward the metal)

 $Fe_3(PO_4)_2$  (Again, start with the negative charge)

Ba(Na)<sub>2</sub> (This one is a trick question. Use your imagination.)

MgO

8. Balance the following equations. Identify each type as synthesis, decomposition or double replacement

9. Draw the Lewis structures for each molecule in the following equation. Identify the bonding as ionic or covalent.

NaOH + HCl 
$$\rightarrow$$
 NaCl + H<sub>2</sub>O

10. Pick a common example of something that needs to be assembled. Write an "equation" describing that assembly. Explain how your equation is similar to a chemical equation. Explain how assembling your item is similar to assembling molecules.